Fulbright U.S. Student and Scholar Program - Fly America Act Guidance

The Fly America Act requires that all travelers funded by the U.S. Government use a U.S. flag carrier including U.S. flag carrier code-shares, or a carrier that is compliant under an Open Skies Agreement, to the final destination or to the furthest point possible. Fulbright U.S. Student and Scholar grantees to Post countries must comply with the Fly America Act and submit an itinerary to IIE for review and response before purchasing their airline ticket. Subsequent changes to the itinerary must also be sent to IIE for review and response before purchase. Scholars traveling to Commission countries should contact the Commission prior to booking their travel.

Fly America Act compliance must be observed even in instances where foreign carriers are more convenient, cheaper, or provide a preferred routing. When a grantee's final destination is not serviced by a U.S. air carrier or Open Skies Agreements carrier, grantees are required to fly on a compliant carrier to the furthest point possible. **Common Exceptions**

- Code Sharing: Grantees may use foreign air carriers that code share with a U.S. flag carrier. Code sharing occurs when two or more airlines "code" the same flight as if it was their own. To comply with Fly America regulations, you must purchase the flight via the U.S. airline's designator and flight number if the flight is shared between a U.S. and a foreign airline.
- Open Skies Agreements: There are four Open Skies Agreements Australia, the European Union, Japan, and Switzerland that meet the requirements of the Fly America Act.
 - Australia: Grantees may use an Australian airline only if a point of origin/destination is either the U.S. or Australia.
 - European Union (EU): Grantees can use an EU airline to travel from the U.S. to an EU country or another country outside of EU, when the flight originates in, arrives in, or stops in any of the EU countries prior to landing in the destination country. An EU airline is defined as, "an airline where substantial ownership and effective control of that airline are vested in a Member State or States, nationals of such a state or states, or both, and the airline is licensed as a Community airline and has its principal place of business in the territory of the European Community." Please be aware that Aeroflot and Turkish Airlines are not considered compliant. You can find a list of the 27 EU member states here: https://europa.eu/european-union/about-eu/countries en. The EU Open Skies Agreement also includes airlines from Iceland and Norway
 - Japan: Grantees may use a Japanese airline only if a point of origin/destination is either the U.S. or Japan.
 - Switzerland: Grantees may use a Swiss airline only if a point of origin/destination is either the U.S. or Switzerland.

If you have questions regarding the Fly America Act, or are seeking an exception beyond what is outlined in this document, please contact your IIE Program Officer for guidance.

You can view the complete Fly America Act here: https://www.gsa.gov/portal/content/103191.